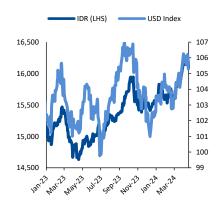


YTD Currency performance (%)

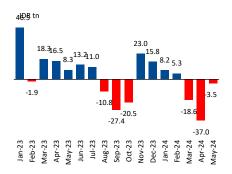


IDR vs DXY



Source: Bloomberg

Capital Inflow/Outflow (IDR tn)



Source: Bloomberg

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Macro Strategy

Insights from Monetary and Fiscal Policies

- BI's key message signals greater stability ahead, with the intermediary function staying robust. Rising SRBI yields led to higher foreign inflows.
- Insights into next year's fiscal posture: rising budget for priority spending, higher fiscal deficit posture and higher INDOGB yields.
- The return of foreign inflows on a more stable macro landscape, with May on the way to being the first month with bond inflows this year.

More favorable macro milieu. In its latest meeting, Bank Indonesia (BI) outlined four key points indicating greater stability ahead:

- 1. BI's decision to maintain the interest rate at 6.25% was expected. BI emphasized that the recent rate hike was preemptive, aimed at mitigating potential risks given that a Federal Reserve rate cut is unlikely this year. As these risks start to diminish, a move to the baseline scenario (25 bps FFR cut) would signal a more favorable environment in 2H24.
- **2.** BI further elaborated that the current benchmark rate is adequate to stabilize the IDR and keep inflation within the targeted range. This assurance reduces the risk of further rate hikes, potentially leading to a lower yield trend and stronger foreign inflows to the INDOGB.
- **3.** The intermediary function remains strong, with BI sharing positive statistics on loan and third-party funds (TPF) growth. In Apr24, loans grew by 13.1% y-y, the highest growth rate in five years, with corporate loans growing by over 20%. Additionally, TPF growth accelerated to 8.2% y-y, its highest level in over a year.
- **4.** The recent rise in the prevalence of SRBI has not caused any crowding-out effect, as the rising SRBI yield has successfully attracted foreign inflows. As of May 21, foreign holdings of SRBI reached IDR142tn, double the previous month's figure.

With a growing consensus of a European Central Bank rate cut in June and the possibility of the Bank of England following suit, the Dollar Index might see some upside due to a weaker EUR and GBP, given that the Federal Reserve's rate cut is only expected later in September. While this may lead to another episode of cross-currency volatility, the impact on the IDR is expected to be relatively moderate.

Insights into 2025 fiscal design. The fiscal planning for 2025 offers insights into the next government's initial reforms and fiscal strategy. The process has already begun, with the Minister of Finance presenting the 2025 State Budget Macroeconomic Framework to the House of Representatives. Here are five key points indicating a potential rise in the outlook for the deficit and yields: 1. Priority spending on infrastructure, social protection, health, and education is set to reach IDR1,906tn, 7.5% higher y-y; 2. To fund this spending, the government anticipates a fiscal deficit of 2.45-2.82%, higher than this year's baseline of 2.3% and the expected new baseline of 2.5%; 3. GDP growth target of 5.1-5.5% with IDR range of 15.3-16k/USD offer insight into growth trajectory expectation; 4. The Debt-to-GDP ratio is projected to remain below 40%. While these figures are historically stable, they still pose supply risks that need to be managed; and 5. The 10-year INDOGB yield is projected to be 6.9-7.3% (compared to the current 6.9%), indicating a prolonged period of higher domestic interest rates and a moderation of foreign inflows due to the rising fiscal deficit.

Overall, while the current budget framework may undergo some changes, the primary risk remains the tight fiscal space, which could lead to a further escalation of the deficit. This year, the potential for widening fiscal deficits might be mitigated by the use of the Budget Surplus Account (SAL), but next year's SAL balance could decrease more than this year's due to maturing bonds, necessitating a more balanced approach to fiscal planning.



Capital Market Flow - The Return of Foreign Flows Signals

The yield on the US 10-year Treasury rose by 4 basis points (bps) to 4.46% last Friday, while similarly, the 2-year UST yield increased by 10 bps over the week, reaching 4.93%. In contrast, the yield on the 10-year Indonesian Government Bonds (INDOGB) decreased by 7 bps to 6.91% (22nd May), mainly driven by stronger foreign inflow on more stable domestic macro condition. While the dollar index increased by 0.37% w-w, the Indonesian Rupiah (IDR) continues to show strength, appreciated by 0.22%, and closed at IDR15,993/USD, still below the critical threshold of 16k level. Further Indonesia's 5-year Credit Default Swap (CDS) remained stable at 70 bps.

Fixed Income Flow – Driven by more favorable domestic macro condition, foreign ownership in domestic Government Securities (SBN) finally saw considerable inflow of IDR6.94tn last week, with overall foreign outstanding position rising to IDR803.43tn (21st May). Month-to-date (MTD) inflow has now reached IDR13.56 tn, positioning May to be the first month this year with a positive foreign inflow.

On the contrary, the banking sector further saw weekly outflow of IDR 20.48tn with overall MTD outflow has now reached IDR 129.30tn, in a bid to raise more liquidity. Bank Indonesia (excluding Repo transactions) recorded weekly outflow of IDR23.82tn, but still registered MTD inflow of IDR85.60tn, with BI now secured the largest position of INDOGB, ahead of Banking's. Mutual funds and insurance & pension funds reported outflow of IDR4.17tn and IDR 2.91tn, respectively.

Equity Flows – Despite a solid inflow to fixed income market, equity continue to saw protraction of foreign outflow in the 4th week of May 2024, with another Rp1.8tr weekly outflow. Hence, YTD 2024 outflow in the regular market now amounted to Rp8.4tr.

On a weekly basis, TPIA, MBMA, ADRO, EXCL, BREN, GOTO, MIKA, and AMMN continued to rank among the top inflows with TLKM finally joined the list after experiencing seven consecutive of weekly outflows. INCO, MDKA, ASII, ADMR, MAPA, and CPIN were also among the top inflows. On the contrary several large caps such as BMRI, BBRI, BRIS, MEDC, and SMGR consistently remained among the top outflows. Furthermore BBCA and BBNI recorded net outflows after experiencing inflows the previous week, resulting in share price decreases of 0.8% and 5.3% week-on-week, respectively.

Government Bond (SUN) Auction: May 28, 2024

The government will conduct an auction for Government Securities (SUN) on 28th May with the series to be offered include SPN03240828 (New Issuance), SPN12250529 (New Issuance), FR0101, FRSDG001, FR0100, FR0098, FR0097, and FR0102. The government aims to raise IDR22tn from this auction, with a maximum target of IDR33tn. The government bond auction on 14th May received total bids of IDR49.42tn, slightly lower than the IDR50.20tn from the previous auction. The series FR0100 attracted the highest bids, totaling IDR17.43tn, with a yield range of 6.99% to 7.25%. This was followed by series FR0101 and SPN12250502, which received bids of IDR12.44tn and IDR5.10tn, respectively. The yield range for FR0101 was 6.94% to 7.20%, while SPN12250502 had a yield range of 6.76% to 6.96%. The amount awarded at this auction was IDR21.36tn, falling short of the government's target of IDR22tn and the previous auction's awarded amount of IDR21.50tn. This resulted in a bid-to-cover ratio of 2.31x.



Exhibit 1. Key Economic Events

Date	Country	Variable	Prev	Cons/BRIDS			
Mon, 27-May-24	Indonesia	Money Supply - April 2024	7.20%				
Thu, 30-May-24	US	Fed's Beige Book					
Fri, 31-May-24 -	116	PCE - April 2024	2.70%	2.60%			
	US	Core PCE - April 2024	2.80%	2.70%			
	Eurozone	Inflation (Flash) - May 2024	2.40%	2.50%			
	China	NBS PMI Manufacturing - May 2024	50.40	50.50			

Source: Trading Economics, The Fed, Bank Indonesia, BRIDS

Exhibit 2. Week Ahead Key Focus on US PCE and Eurozone Inflation

US PCE Apr-24, China NBS PMI Manufacturing May-24

• US PCE - Apr 2024 (Friday)

Market expect the core PCE to increase by 0.2% m-m in Apr-24, which would mark the softest increase in 2024. The overall PCE is expected to rise 0.3%, matching the pace of the previous two months.

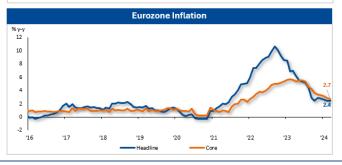
• China NBS PMI Manufacturing - May 2024 (Friday)

China Manufacturing is expected to maintain its expansion mode in May-24, extending the streak to three months. The NBS PMI, which mainly survey large and SOE companies, is expected to reach 50.5, a little unchanged from Apr's 50.4.

Eurozone Inflation – May 2024 (Friday)

EU Inflation is expected to slightly tick up to 2.5% y-y in May 2024, the first acceleration since Dec-23. Whereas the core inflation is expected to be unchanged at 2.7% y-y. Albeit the slight acceleration, ECB might probably proceed with its rate cut plan in June meeting.





Source: BRIDS, Bloomberg, Trading Economics

Exhibit 3. Last Week Key Event: Indonesia Interest Rate and Current Account

China Loan Prime Rate 1Y & 5Y May 2024

• China's PBoC kept the Loan Prima Rate 1Y and 5Y at the same level following the unchanged rate of 2.5% for Medium-term Lending Facility. The 1Y LPR was kept at 3.45% and the 5Y at 3.95%, both figures matched the market expectations.

Indonesia Current Account 1Q24, BI Rate May-24

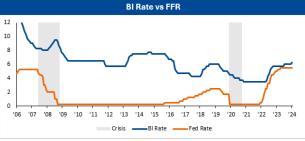
\bullet Current Account deficit widened to USD2.2bn (-0.64% of GDP) in 1Q24

The deficit reached USD2.2bn (0.64% of GDP), higher than the 4Q23's USD1.1bn (0.3% of GDP) and 1Q23's USD2.8bn (+0.8% of GDP). Compared to previous figures, the larger deficit can be attributed to a significant decrease in the goods trade balance surplus, which stands at USD9.8bn in 1Q24, down from USD11.4bn in 4Q23 and USD14.7bn in 1Q23.

• Bank Indonesia (BI) maintained the rate at 6.25% in May-24

Alongside the rate announcement, BI shared encouraging statistics on loan and third-party fund (DPK) growth. In April 2024, loans increased by 13.1% y-y, the highest growth rate in five years, with corporate loans rising by more than 20%. Additionally, DPK growth accelerated to 8.2% y-y, reaching its highest level in over a year.





Source: BRIDS, Bloomberg, Trading Economics



Exhibit 4. Target Rate Probability for Fed Meeting in 2024 - First Rate Cut Expectation moved to Sept 24

	СМЕ	CME FEDWATCH TOOL - CONDITIONAL MEETING PROBABILITIES									
MEETING DATE	375-400	400-425	425-450	450-475	475-500	500-525	525-550	550-575			
6/12/2024		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	99.1%	0.9%			
7/31/2024	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.2%	88.9%	0.8%			
9/18/2024	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.5%	44.9%	50.2%	0.5%			
11/7/2024	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	14.3%	46.2%	38.0%	0.3%			
12/18/2024	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	8.0%	31.0%	41.9%	18.3%	0.2%			
1/29/2025	0.0%	0.2%	3.1%	15.9%	34.7%	33.8%	12.1%	0.1%			
3/19/2025	0.1%	1.5%	8.9%	24.4%	34.3%	24.1%	6.7%	0.1%			
4/30/2025	0.6%	3.9%	14.0%	27.7%	30.9%	18.3%	4.5%	0.0%			

Source: CME Fedwatch

Exhibit 5. Stronger DXY on Higher for Longer



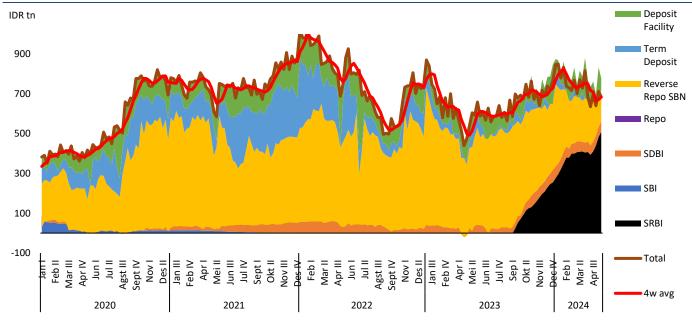
Source: Trading Economics

Exhibit 6. UST Yields VS FFR



Source: MacroMicro

Exhibit 7. Monetary Operations Outstanding (IDRtn)



Source: Bank Indonesia, BRIDS



Exhibit 8. Global Inflation and Rate Policy Monitor

		Policy Rate				Inflation		Real Interest Rate		
Country	Region	Policy Rate	Δ	reference	YTD 2023	2022	CPI	Δ	reference	Policy Rate - Inflation
		%	bps		bps	bps	% yoy	p.p		%
South Africa	Africa	8.25	0	Apr-24	125	325	5.2	-0.1	Apr-24	3.1
Nigeria	Africa	26.25	150	May-24	225	500	33.7	0.5	Apr-24	-7.4
Egypt	Africa	27.25	0	May-24	300	800	32.5	-0.8	Apr-24	
Algeria	Africa	3.00	0	Apr-24	0	0	4.1	-0.5	Mar-24	-1.1
Angola	Africa	19.50	50	May-24	-150	-50	28.2	2.1	Apr-24	-8.7
Congo	Africa	25.00	0	Apr-24	1675	25	46.8	1.0	Dec-24	-21.8
Senegal	Africa	5.50	0	Apr-24	50	75 0	2.3	-1.0	Apr-24	3.2
Tanzania	Africa	6.00	50	Apr-24	7000	U	3.1	0.1	Apr-24	2.9
Zimbabwe	Africa	20.00 40.00	-1000	Apr-24 May-24	-7000 2500	1400 3700	57.5 289.0	2.2 1.0	Apr-24 Apr-24	-37.5 -249.0
Argentina Brazil	America America	10.50	-1000	May-24	-200	450	3.7	-0.2	Apr-24 Apr-24	-249.0
Canada	America	5.00	-23	Apr-24	75	400	2.7	-0.2	Apr-24 Apr-24	
Chile	America	6.00	-50	May-24	-300	725	4.0	0.3	Apr-24	2.0
Colombia	America	11.75	-50	Apr-24	100	900	7.2	-0.2	Apr-24	4.6
Mexico	America	11.00	0	May-24	75	500	4.7	0.2	Apr-24	6.4
Peru	America	5.75	-25	May-24	-100	500	2.4	-0.6	Apr-24	3.3
United States	America	5.50	0	May-24	100	425	3.4	-0.1	Apr-24	2.1
Costa Rica	America	4.75	-50	Apr-24	-300	875	-0.5	0.7	Apr-24	
Trinidad and Tobago	America	3.50	0	Apr-24	0	0	0.8	0.0	Mar-24	2.7
Uruguay	America	8.50	0	May-24	-225	550	3.7	-0.1	Apr-24	4.8
Venezuela	America	58.98	39	Mar-24	-118	339	67.8	-8.1	Mar-24	-8.8
Indonesia	ASEAN	6.25	0	May-24	50	200	3.0	0.0	Apr-24	3.3
Malaysia	ASEAN	3.00	0	May-24	25	100	1.8	0.0	Apr-24	1.2
Philippines	ASEAN	6.50	0	May-24	100	350	3.8	0.1	Apr-24	2.7
Thailand	ASEAN	2.50	0	Apr-24	125	75	0.2	0.7	Apr-24	2.3
Vietnam	ASEAN	4.50	0	Apr-24	-150	200	4.4	0.4	Apr-24	0.1
Laos	ASEAN	8.50	0	Apr-24	100	350	24.9	-0.1	Apr-24	-16.4
Singapore	ASEAN	3.74	374	Apr-24	113.11	233	2.7	0.0	Apr-24	1.0
Cambodia	ASEAN	0.80	-3	Mar-24	4	-10	0.0	0.3	Mar-24	0.8
Myanmar	ASEAN	7.00	0	Apr-24	0	0	28.6	1.1	Jun-24	-21.6
Brunei	ASEAN	5.50	0	Dec-24	0	0	-0.5	0.0	Mar-24	6.0
China	Asia ex-ASEAN	3.45	0	May-24	-20	0	0.3	0.2	Apr-24	3.2
Hong Kong India	Asia ex-ASEAN Asia ex-ASEAN	5.75 6.50	0	May-24 Apr-24	100 25	425 225	1.1 4.8	-0.9 0.0	Apr-24 Apr-24	4.7 1.7
Japan	Asia ex-ASEAN	0.10	0	Apr-24 Apr-24	0	-0.4	2.5	-0.2	Apr-24 Apr-24	
Saudi Arabia	Asia ex-ASEAN	6.00	0	Apr-24	100	400	1.6	0.0	Apr-24	4.4
South Korea	Asia ex-ASEAN	3.50	0	May-24	25	225	2.9	-0.2	Apr-24	0.6
Taiwan	Asia ex-ASEAN	2.00	0	Apr-24	13	62.5	2.0	-0.2	Apr-24	0.1
Turkey	Asia ex-ASEAN	50.00	0	May-24	3350	-500	69.8	1.3	Apr-24	-19.8
Sri Lanka	Asia ex-ASEAN	8.50	0	Apr-24	-550	900	1.5	0.6	Apr-24	
Bahrain	Asia ex-ASEAN	6.25	0	Apr-24	100	425	1.0	0.4	Mar-24	5.3
Bangladesh	Asia ex-ASEAN	8.50	50	May-24	250	0	9.7	-0.1	Apr-24	-1.2
Iran	Asia ex-ASEAN	23.00	0	Apr-24	0	0	30.9	-1.4	Apr-24	-7.9
Iraq	Asia ex-ASEAN	7.50	0	Apr-24	350	0	0.4	-3.6	Jan-24	7.1
Israel	Asia ex-ASEAN	4.50	0	Apr-24	125	315	2.8	0.1	Apr-24	1.7
Kuwait	Asia ex-ASEAN	4.25	0	Apr-24	75	200	3.2	0.2	Apr-24	1.1
Morocco	Asia ex-ASEAN	3.00	0	Apr-24	50	100	0.2	-0.7	Apr-24	2.8
Pakistan	Asia ex-ASEAN	22.00	0	Apr-24	600	625	17.3	-3.4	Apr-24	4.7
Papua New Guinea	Asia ex-ASEAN	2.00	0	Apr-24	-75	25	3.9	1.6	Dec-24	-1.9
Qatar	Asia ex-ASEAN	6.25	0	Mar-24	75	300	0.7	-0.3	Apr-24	5.5
United Arab Emirates	Asia ex-ASEAN	5.40	0	Apr-24	100	290	3.4	-0.2	Feb-24	2.0
Czech Republic	Europe	5.25	-50	May-24	-25	325	2.9	0.9	Apr-24	2.4
Denmark	Europe	3.60	0	Apr-24	185	175	0.8	-0.1	Apr-24	2.8
Euro Area	Europe	4.50	0	Apr-24	200	250	2.4	0.0	Apr-24	2.1
France	Europe						2.2	-0.1	Apr-24	2.3
Germany Norway	Europe Europe	4.50	0	May-24	175	225	2.2 3.6	-0.3	Apr-24 Apr-24	2.3 0.9
Poland		4.50 5.75	0	May-24 May-24	-100	500	2.4	-0.3		
Russia	Europe Europe	16.00	0	Apr-24	-100 850	-100	7.8	0.4	Apr-24 Apr-24	
Sweden	Europe	3.75	-25	May-24	150	250	3.9	-0.2	Apr-24 Apr-24	-0.2
Switzerland	Europe	1.50	-25	Apr-24	75	175	1.4	0.4	Apr-24 Apr-24	0.1
United Kingdom	Europe	5.25	0	May-24	175	325	2.3	-0.9	Apr-24 Apr-24	3.0
Albania	Europe	3.25	0	May-24	50	225	2.3	-0.9	Apr-24 Apr-24	
Hungary	Europe	7.25	-50	May-24	-225	1020	3.7	0.1	Apr-24	3.6
Ukraine	Europe	13.50	-100	Apr-24	-1000	2100	3.2	0.0	Apr-24 Apr-24	10.3
Australia	Oceania	4.35	-100	May-24	125	300	3.6	-0.5	Mar-24	0.8
New Zealand	Oceania	5.50	0	May-24	125	350	4.0	-0.7	Mar-24	1.5
		, 5.50		, 24	-1.5	230		0.7	2-4	

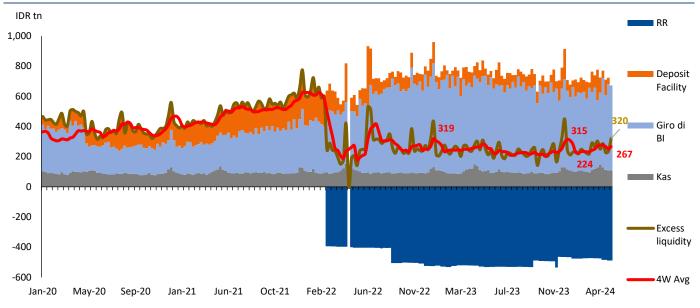
	Inflation Trend														
		2023									2024				
	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr			
Decelerate	112	121	100	66	85	88	77	84	80	63	81	69			
Accelerate	25	20	34	56	49	40	30	55	44	40	47	49			

	Interest Rate Trend											
Total	Total 147 countries											
				2023			2024					
	1H	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May
Hike	29	19	14	16	5	6	4	0	4	11	6	4
Cut	11	8	8	11	12	10	13	0	7	18	13	10
Pause	99	24	39	48	45	62	68	1	28	76	98	25

Source: BRIDS, Trading Economics



Exhibit 9. Indonesia Banking Excess Liquidity



Source: Bank Indonesia, BRIDS Estimates

Exhibit 10. Bank Indonesia May Meeting: Rate Maintain at 6.25% - More Favorable Macro Environments

BI May 2024 Meeting Salient Points **Rate Outlook Rate Path No Crowding Out** Potential Risk Ahead BI's decision to maintain Addressing questions Our Take of Potential IDR risk The intermediary function BI assured that the the interest rate at 6.25% about the rate path, BI ahead: With a growing remains strong, with BI issuance of SRBI was expected. reiterated that the rate consensus of a European instruments has not sharing positive statistics increase in the previous Central Bank rate cut in June on loan and third-party caused any crowding out RDG was aimed at BI further elaborated that and the possibility of the Bank funds (TPF) growth. In effect. In fact, the mitigating the potential the current benchmark rate Apr24, loans grew by increased yields on SRBI of England following suit, the risks of the Federal 13.1% y-y, the highest Dollar Index might see some is adequate to stabilize the following the last rate hike Reserve not cutting rates growth rate in five years, upside due to a weaker Euro IDR and keep inflation have helped attract in 2024. inflows. As of May 21st, with corporate loans and Pound Sterling, given that within the targeted range. Currently, BI perceives growing by over 20%. foreign ownership of SRBI the Federal Reserve's rate cut This assurance reduces the is only expected later in stands at IDR142tn, a that this risk has risk of further rate hikes, Additionally, TPF growth September. While this may significant increase from diminished and a move potentially leading to a accelerated to 8.2% y-y, lead to another episode of IDR71.5tn on April 23rd. to the baseline scenario lower yield trend and its highest level in over a cross-currency volatility, the (25 bps FFR cut) would stronger foreign inflows to Additionally, the impact on the IDR is expected signal a more favorable the INDOGB. accelerating growth in to be relatively muted environment in 2H24. third-party funds (DPK) and loans further indicates the absence of any crowding out effect.

Source: Bank Indonesia, BRIDS Estimates



Exhibit 11. May-24 FOMC: Confirmation of Delayed Rate Cut













Restrictive Enough

While the Fed maintained rate unchanged, the Chairman Jerome Powell dismissed the idea of a rate hike in the upcoming meeting, asserting that the current policy stance is restrictive and exerting pressure on demand.

With the possibility of inflation remain sideways and a robust labor market, Powell indicated that it's a case for refraining from a rate cut. The focus now shifts to how long to maintain the restrictive policy. This perspective from the Fed aligns with market expectations of only one rate cut this year.

New projections from the Fed are not anticipated until the June meeting.

No Politics and Staglation

Several issues have emerged recently: (1) speculation about whether the November election will influence the Fed's decisions, and (2) whether recently published data pointed to <u>staglation</u>.

Powell clarified that the **Fed won't factor in the election** and indicated that there would be no
difference in policy changes whether in September
or December.

Addressing the stagflation concern, Powell remarked that the current conditions are still distant from the last stagflation period. He pointed out that growth remains robust compared to the high base from last year, unemployment is below 4%, and inflation is expected to decrease by year-end.

Smooth Transition

In addition to adjusting interest rates, the Fed has also opted to reduce the pace of their balance sheet reduction. Beginning in June, US Treasury redemptions will be limited to USD25bn/month, a decrease from the current cap of USD60bn/month and below market expectations of USD30bn/month.

The USD5bn difference between the market and the Fed's plan could prove significant. This adjustment is intended to **smooth the transition** the money market, as anticipated by the Fed, and alleviate demand constraints for US Treasuries.

According to the latest Quarterly Refunding documents, the US Treasury anticipates borrowing USD847bn in 3Q24, compared to USD243bn in 2Q. The 10-year US Treasury yield ended the day 6bps lower.

Source: Bank Indonesia RDG Meeting; BRI Danareksa Sekuritas

Exhibit 12. Pre-Jun 24 FOMC Fed Member Comments

Austan Goolsbee Chicago Fed President



"More data like Friday's job report would ease concerns of inflation is reaccelerating" "Jobs data showed the economy seemed to be clearly "moving back to pre-COVID and conventional times".

Neel Kashkari



"I think it's much more likely we would just sit here for longer than we expect or the public expects right now until we see what effect our monetary policy is having."

Thomas Barkin Fed Reserve Bank of Richmond



"There's just a lot of movement on the services side and it's just going to take a little bit of time. I do think the edge will have to come off of demand a little bit more to get inflation back to target."

John Williams Federal Reserve Bank of New York



"The U.S. central bank's 2% target for inflation is key to achieving price stability and essential for ensuring economic prosperity."

Philip Jefferson Federal Reserve Vice Cha



"The attenuation in the progress on bringing down inflation that has been seen in the 1Q24 is a **source of concern**. We continue to look for evidence that inflation is going to return to our 2% target. And until we have that, I think it is appropriate to **keep the policy rate in restrictive territory**"

Loretta Mester Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank President



"Many reported that economy activity had strengthened, and by more than they had anticipated. I expect progress on inflation over time, but at a slower pace than we saw last year."

Blue box = Voting Member, Orange box = Non-voting member

Thomas Barkin ed Reserve Bank of Richmond



"The economy is moving toward better balance, but no one wants inflation to reemerge. We have said we want to gain greater confidence that inflation is moving sustainably toward our 2% target. And given a strong labor market, we have time to gain that confidence.."

Jerome Powell Chair of the Federal Reserve



"I do think it's really a question of keeping policy at the current rate for longer than had been thought. I don't think that it's likely, based on the data that we have, that the next move that we make would be a rate hike. I think it's more likely that we'll be at a place where we hold the policy rate where it is."

Source: Bloomberg, CNBC, Various Media Portals



Exhibit 13. JCI MTD Foreign Flows

	Ticker	Sector	Total Flow	MTD Perf.	Ticker	Sector	Total Flow	MTD Perf.
	TPIA	Basic Material	1,169.2	19.8%	BBRI	Financial-Big 4 Banks	(4,904.3)	-4.5%
	ADRO	Energy	261.3	7.7%	BMRI	Financial-Big 4 Banks	(2,979.8)	-12.3%
	PGAS	Energy	259.4	8.2%	BBCA	Financial-Big 4 Banks	(1,023.9)	-3.8%
۳	BREN	Infrastructure	241.7	22.0%	TLKM	Infrastructure	(498.7)	-7.3%
=	EXCL	Infrastructure	225.1	0.0%	BBNI	Financial-Big 4 Banks	(421.8)	-9.3%
Billion IDR	AMMN	Basic Material	206.5	8.8%	ASII	Industrials	(251.3)	-8.5%
ie I	MIKA	Healthcare	199.6	6.6%	UNTR	Industrials	(202.3)	-9.0%
-in	GOTO	Technology	196.8	4.8%	ANTM	Basic Material	(190.7)	-7.0%
May'24)	INCO	Basic Material	168.9	15.3%	MEDC	Energy	(178.5)	0.4%
Aay	BFIN	Financial	151.6	1.9%	BRIS	Financial	(173.8)	-11.7%
22 N	MBMA	Basic Material	118.8	18.2%	TOWR	Infrastructure	(115.4)	-5.0%
1	JPFA	Consumer non cyclical	115.9	25.3%	JSMR	Infrastructure	(109.4)	-7.4%
20 Inflow (1	OASA	Infrastructure	111.9	20.5%	AKRA	Energy	(94.9)	-4.8%
월	UNVR	Consumer non cyclical	92.5	16.8%	KLBF	Healthcare	(89.7)	7.2%
5	SIDO	Healthcare	72.3		MYOR	Consumer non cyclical	(86.7)	-5.0%
Top 2	NCKL	Basic Material	53.1	10.3%	BUKA	Technology	(83.1)	0.0%
Ĕ	TCPI	Energy	46.7	-14.1%	CUAN	Energy	(81.3)	8.7%
	TKIM	Basic Material	45.8	12.8%	BBTN	Financial	(79.2)	-6.4%
	INDF	Consumer non cyclical	41.8	-1.6%	ISAT	Infrastructure	(78.7)	-8.4%
	BIPI	Energy	40.1	-12.2%	SMGR	Basic Material	(62.2)	-15.4%
	GGRM	Consumer non cyclical	36.5	4.8%	CTRA	Properties and real estate	(57.1)	-5.4%
	HEAL	Healthcare	29.9	4.7%	AVIA	Basic Material	(52.1)	0.0%
	BULL	Energy	26.5	18.3%	ACES	Consumer Cyclicals	(42.4)	-14.4%
	CMRY	Consumer non cyclical	24.0	2.4%	ABMM	Industrials	(39.7)	-1.8%
	PANI	Consumer non cyclical	21.6	13.1%	PWON	Properties and real estate	(36.0)	-2.0%
	ELSA	Energy	21.2	2.8%	BNGA	Financial	(35.0)	-3.7%
	ADMR	Energy	20.3	1.9%	MDKA	Basic Material	(33.4)	7.2%
	FILM	Consumer Cyclicals	19.5	-9.9%	PTBA	Energy	(32.8)	-14.5%
	BMTR	Industrials	19.4	-0.9%	FREN	Infrastructure	(32.7)	0.0%
	CYBR	Technology	18.4	19.8%	BRPT	Basic Material	(31.2)	16.2%

Source: IDX, Bloomberg, BRIDS

Exhibit 14. 4th Week of May 2024 Foreign Flows

	Ticker	20-May-24	21-May-24	22-May-24	Total Flow	1 Wk. Perf.		Ticker	20-May-24	21-May-24	22-May-24	Total Flow	1 Wk. Perf.
	TPIA	131.1	70.7	76.2	278.0	-0.5%		BMRI	(330.3)	(400.1)	(37.1)	(767.5)	-5.1%
ے	INCO	126.5	29.0	(3.8)	151.7	9.1%	ċ	BBRI	(298.5)	(331.5)	(120.0)	(750.1)	-2.1%
-IDR bn.	MBMA	39.3	28.5	40.4	108.2	18.2%	-IDR bn.	BBCA	(167.8)	(192.3)	(342.3)	(702.3)	-0.8%
≘	ADRO	17.7	25.9	34.7	78.3	3.2%	÷	BBNI	(28.5)	(83.6)	(119.3)	(231.4)	-5.3%
玄	EXCL	48.5	16.2	11.9	76.6	-4.3%	24)	BRPT	(10.1)	(34.5)	(28.7)	(73.3)	15.0%
May'24)	BREN	61.9	7.2	5.1	74.1	12.8%	May	BRIS	(5.2)	(30.2)	(34.5)	(69.9)	-8.3%
	GOTO	7.1	2.8	52.9	62.8	0.0%	2 N	MEDC	(13.9)	(31.6)	(23.7)	(69.2)	0.4%
-22	MIKA	9.8	31.4	16.2	57.4	1.3%	-22	SMGR	(36.3)	(18.2)	(5.0)	(59.5)	-4.1%
20	AMMN	49.1	(4.2)	2.3	47.3	3.4%	(20	CUAN	(41.9)	(0.3)	1.2	(40.9)	3.2%
Previous Week (20	BFIN	(1.6)	22.7	24.2	45.2	0.9%	Week	BBTN	(7.4)	(13.2)	(16.4)	(37.1)	-3.1%
Ne	MDKA	65.8	(19.1)	(3.9)	42.8	2.5%	š	ANTM	16.0	(9.1)	(36.8)	(29.9)	-2.6%
SI	TLKM	108.7	(74.2)	4.6	39.2	-5.2%	Previous	BJTM	(7.8)	(3.3)	(7.7)	(18.8)	-2.6%
-8	OASA	14.1	9.9	9.0	33.0	8.1%	evi	AKRA	(2.5)	(7.8)	(6.6)	(16.8)	-1.8%
Pre	UNVR	(2.1)	26.5	(2.6)	21.8	14.2%	<u>, P</u>	BUKA	(9.3)	(4.9)	(2.5)	(16.7)	4.8%
8	ASII	53.5	(57.0)	23.6	20.1	4.0%	8	LSIP	(3.6)	(8.0)	(4.0)	(15.6)	-0.6%
Inflow	ADMR	11.1	4.4	2.5	18.0	3.4%	Outflow	SSIA	(13.3)	(1.9)	0.6	(14.5)	-16.9%
20	PANI	9.3	5.6	2.1	16.9	13.8%	0	MAPI	(2.5)	(0.1)	(11.5)	(14.0)	-7.9%
Top	SIDO	1.9	3.1	9.9	15.0	0.0%	ob	BOGA	(4.8)	(7.5)	(0.8)	(13.2)	-4.9%
_	PGAS	(10.4)	18.1	7.0	14.7	7.1%	ř	ARTO	(4.0)	(6.8)	(1.4)	(12.2)	4.8%
	INDF	22.4	(4.9)	(3.0)	14.5	0.8%		MNCN	(3.2)	(4.0)	(4.6)	(11.8)	9.0%
	NCKL	8.7	11.3	(5.9)	14.1	12.0%		KLBF	10.2	(6.8)	(15.0)	(11.6)	8.0%
	PNLF	6.9	(6.2)	12.5	13.2	5.6%		ENRG	(2.9)	(5.9)	(2.5)	(11.3)	-1.6%
	MAPA	9.3	4.7	(1.5)	12.5	-6.8%		ICBP	8.7	(8.9)	(10.9)	(11.1)	-1.2%
	TKIM	14.0	(1.7)	(1.9)	10.4	3.8%		ISAT	2.5	(5.0)	(8.2)	(10.8)	-6.7%
	CPIN	5.9	6.7	(2.2)	10.4	-2.8%		FILM	(15.8)	(13.1)	18.7	(10.3)	-2.4%
	BULL	5.8	2.7	1.1	9.7	-1.4%		TINS	(6.3)	(1.6)	(0.1)	(8.0)	-1.6%
	PTBA	(4.5)	7.0	6.9	9.4	-11.0%		EMTK	(0.8)	(5.9)	(1.0)	(7.7)	6.3%
	AMRT	1.2	(5.9)	13.3	8.7	1.4%		INKP	4.3	(6.8)	(5.2)	(7.7)	-0.8%
	GGRM	4.4	(1.1)	5.1	8.4	2.1%		BNGA	(3.1)	(3.1)	(1.0)	(7.1)	-1.6%
	PWON	4.6	2.5	0.6	7.7	4.2%		MTEL	(2.0)	(2.4)	(2.7)	(7.1)	4.3%

Source: IDX, Bloomberg, BRIDS



Exhibit 15. 6-Week Foreign Flows and Share Price Performance

	Ticker	Wk. 3 Apr-24	Wk. 4 Apr-24	Wk. 1 May-24	Wk. 2 May-24	Wk. 3 May-24	Wk. 4 May-24	Total	6 Wk. Perf.
Basic Mat		167.9	(211.4)	90.1	170.5	823.5	466.1	1,506.8	O W. Pell.
ANTM	eriai	91.9	2.4	(69.0)	(75.1)	(14.4)		(94.0)	-8.7%
INCO		9.3		13.1	83.3	(63.6)		93.8	19.5%
	- N		(100.0)						
INTP		(19.9)		25.8	2.4	14.6	(4.8)	31.8	-18.8%
MDKA	ADD OF	47.1	(31.9)	(69.2)	23.7	(57.6)		(45.2)	7.6%
HRUM		(18.3)		14.1	(7.0)	1.5	(3.2)	(4.8)	-7.6%
SMGR		(22.5)	34.2	46.9	49.5	(79.5)	(59.5)	(30.8)	-30.1%
Consume	r cvclicals	(167.2)	25.1	79.5	(84.1)	6.3	(37.6)	(178.0)	
ACES	•	(9.1)		(32.6)	(24.1)	7.9	1.9	(72.2)	-15.8%
MAPI	* 00	(22.0)		46.9	(19.7)	(26.0)	(14.0)	(4.9)	-26.5%
MNCN		(39.7)		20.2	(0.1)	(3.0)		(33.3)	9.0%
LPPF		(6.1)		(0.1)	1.0	(0.2)		(2.2)	-13.4%
SCMA		(3.2)		3.7	(8.3)	0.7	(0.1)	(8.8)	2.9%
WOOD	0 0.21	(0.1)		0.0	(1.7)	(2.5)		(6.8)	-23.8%
WOOD		(0.1)	(2.0)	0.0	(1.7)	(2.3)	(0.4)	(0.0)	-23.076
Consume	r non cyclical	(286.7)	(106.7)	94.1	11.6	133.0	59.6	(95.1)	
AMRT		(29.7)	23.6	(10.6)	(0.6)	(22.4)	8.7	(30.9)	-1.7%
GGRM		21.5	(17.6)	5.5	10.2	23.2	8.4	51.2	-4.3%
HMSP	1-1-	(16.7)		(2.1)	(9.1)	10.6	(0.3)	(36.7)	-9.9%
ICBP		(26.6)		(14.0)	5.6	0.3	(11.1)	(130.7)	-3.5%
INDF	J 7 7 7 7	(139.0)		11.4	(3.1)	41.4	14.5	(90.2)	-5.4%
UNVR	31 V	(82.5)		11.7	0.1	64.2	21.8	63.6	14.2%
CPIN		23.3	(34.0)	15.6	4.5	6.5	10.4	26.3	-0.9%
C		20.0	(34.0)	25.0	4.5	0.5	20.4	20.5	0.570
Energy		53.2	(43.6)	264.6	124.7	114.1	21.6	534.6	
ADRO		(122.2)	(64.0)	17.6	75.1	94.4	78.3	79.2	8.1%
INDY	*	(39.3)	(9.9)	1.5	(4.7)	(1.3)	(5.2)	(59.0)	-11.9%
ITMG		(17.2)	0.7	27.9	12.7	(14.3)	4.2	14.0	-9.4%
MEDC		(64.3)	19.4	(46.5)	(18.9)	(42.5)	(69.2)	(221.9)	-13.1%
PGAS	The same	119.9	35.1	216.1	63.8	66.6	14.7	516.2	15.6%
PTBA		6.6	(43.5)	5.4	11.6	(57.1)	9.4	(67.5)	-11.6%
Financial		(38.6)		39.2	(20.8)	(71.1)	(98.8)	(130.9)	
ARTO		28.1	5.7	17.5	17.8	2.3	(12.2)	59.2	-5.5%
BBTN		(2.3)	(27.3)	(2.3)	(21.5)	(16.5)	(37.1)	(107.0)	-17.7%
BBYB	1300	0.7	(0.0)	3.1	(1.1)	1.1	(2.0)	1.8	3.7%
BTPS		(33.0)	(12.4)	16.7	0.3	5.1	(3.6)	(27.0)	-3.2%
BRIS	A M	3.5	49.7	(3.5)	(29.8)	(64.1)	(69.9)	(114.1)	-13.7%
SRTG		1.7	(7.5)	(2.2)	(6.6)	(0.4)	2.1	(13.0)	3.7%
Financial	Dia A Barles	/2 FC\$ 01	(2.226.6)	(2 542.0)	/2 FOC 21	(2.220.C)	(2.454.2)	(1E E00 E)	
	Big 4 Banks	(2,561.8)		(3,542.9)	(2,586.3)	(1,110.6)		(15,589.5)	4 400
BBCA	2 2 4	(1,257.5)		527.4	(628.0)		(702.3)	(1,882.6)	-4.1%
BMRI	100	(105.8)		(1,239.1)	(191.0)	(380.7)	(767.5)	(2,082.6)	-11.4%
BBNI		125.2	58.7	(268.5)	(177.0)		(231.4)	(228.2)	-10.2%
BBRI		(1,323.6)	(4,114.9)	(2,562.7)	(1,590.3)	(1,054.5)	(750.1)	(11,396.1)	-16.5%

Source: IDX, Bloomberg, BRIDS



Exhibit 16. 6-Week Foreign Flows and Share Price Performance (cont'd)

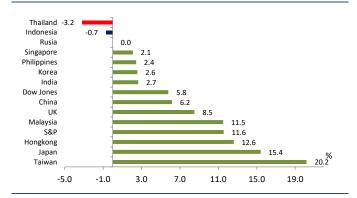
Ticker	Wk. 3 Apr-24	Wk. 4 Apr-24	Wk. 1 May-24	Wk. 2 May-24	Wk. 3 May-24	Wk. 4 May-24	Total	6 Wk. Perf.
Healthcare	(6.9)	(8.8)	42.2	50.5	106.4	56.5	239.8	
HEAL	1.6	(3.3)	30.0	18.9	1.6	1.8	50.7	10.8%
KAEF 🐠 🔪	(1.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	0.2	0.2	0.3	(1.4)	-9.5%
KLBF 🕼 🐪	(27.0)	(23.1)	(29.8)	(16.0)	(30.5)	(11.6)	(138.0)	5.4%
SIDO 🚮 📆	41.0	50.2	41.5	14.0	23.9	15.0	185.6	5.9%
SILO TIME	(9.4)	0.2	(4.5)	6.3	16.4	0.4	9.3	0.8%
PRDA	(4.0)	(2.8)	(4.3)	(3.5)	(4.7)	(1.2)	(20.5)	-19.6%
MIKA	(1.5)	(13.3)	23.1	32.3	102.9	57.4	200.9	9.6%
Industrials	(740.2)	(276.4)	236.5	(135.1)	(409.3)	9.0	(1,315.4)	
ASII	(623.7)	(171.0)	291.3	(53.9)	(403.7)	20.1	(940.9)	-10.7%
UNTR 😻	(74.2)	(65.5)	(51.4)	(89.1)	(16.5)	(6.6)	(303.2)	-10.5%
Infrastructure	(642.6)	(855.3)	(175.5)	(250.8)	(84.1)	179.4	(1,828.9)	
ADHI	(0.9)	(0.5)	(3.8)	(3.2)	(0.3)	(3.8)	(12.5)	-20.6%
EXCL	(4.2)	(28.3)	3.7	39.5	92.2	76.6	179.4	7.4%
ISAT 💮 🗒	(84.0)	(68.3)	(16.7)	(27.1)	(31.0)	(10.8)	(237.8)	-10.4%
JSMR V	(21.5)	(22.7)	(16.3)	(51.9)	(45.1)		(151.6)	-9.1%
MTEL .	(17.8)	3.6	6.0	9.4	2.4	(7.1)	(3.5)	-4.0%
TLKM VIOLUL	(1,029.3)	(977.7)	(268.1)	(269.7)	(77.4)	39.2	(2,583.0)	-14.3%
TOWR	(78.9)	(31.9)	(16.2)	(18.2)	(72.8)		(216.6)	-10.5%
TBIG	(7.1)	1.0	(9.9)	(2.7)	(6.4)		(24.6)	-1.1%
Properties and real estate	(78.7)	(33.5)	(50.6)	(58.6)	(33.5)	(3.3)	(258.3)	
ASRI	(0.8)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.2)	1.0	(0.1)	(0.7)	-12.3%
BEST	(0.4)	0.0	0.1	(0.3)	0.1	(0.5)	(0.9)	-15.1%
CTRA CTRA	12.8	6.4	0.0	(22.5)	(35.7)	5.2	(33.7)	-6.6%
DMAS	(1.8)	(1.7)	(2.0)	(1.0)	(7.9)	(4.6)	(19.1)	-0.6%
PWON THE PWON	(48.5)	(14.1)	(29.8)	(16.0)	(12.5)	7.7	(113.3)	-8.8%
SMRA	(51.8)	(27.4)	(16.0)	(17.0)	7.9	(1.8)	(106.1)	6.7%
Technology	(38.7)	3.4	97.1	(40.5)	21.2	38.8	81.3	
BUKA	(22.6)	(45.8)	(21.2)	(33.9)	(26.6)	(16.7)	(166.8)	-11.0%
EMTK SINT	(7.9)	(3.0)	5.0	(8.8)	(8.5)	(7.7)	(30.9)	2.8%
дото Зама	(10.0)	47.3	108.1	2.6	44.6	62.8	255.3	-2.9%
MTDL	2.0	3.2	1.0	(0.7)	(3.8)	1.1	2.7	-3.4%
Transportation & logistics	(0.6)	(6.5)	2.1	4.4	0.7	(7.1)	(7.0)	
ASSA	(1.8)	1.8	3.2	(1.3)	4.5	(0.6)	5.8	-2.5%
BIRD	(5.8)	2.0	(1.0)	(1.5)	(3.6)	(6.5)	(16.5)	-12.2%
SMDR	(0.9)	(0.5)	0.5	0.5	1.3	0.9	1.8	-15.0%
	(332)	, ,						

Legends

Outflow > IDR 10bn
Outflow between 0 - IDR 10bn
Inflow between 0 - IDR 10bn
Inflow > IDR 10bn

Source: IDX, Bloomberg, BRIDS

Exhibit 17. Regional Markets (YTD 2024), %



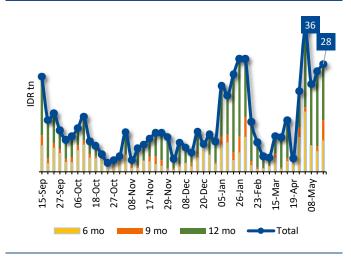
Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 19. Regional Markets (wow; as of May 22), %



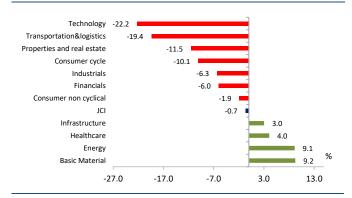
Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 21. SRBI Awarded Amount



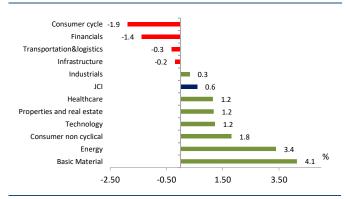
Source: Bank Indonesia

Exhibit 18. Sectoral Performance (YTD 2024), %



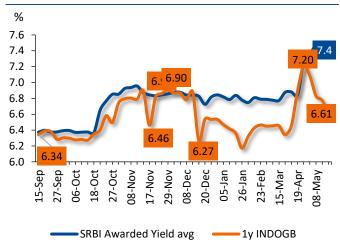
Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 20. Sectoral Performance (wow; as of May 22), %



Source: Bloomberg

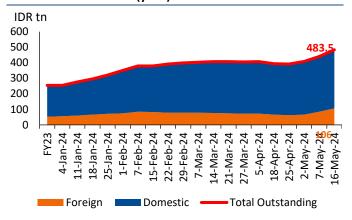
Exhibit 22. SRBI Yield vs. INDOGB Yield



Source: Bank Indonesia

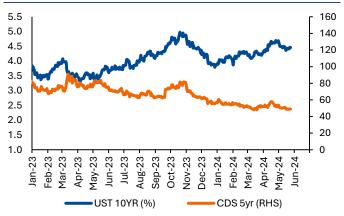


Exhibit 23. SRBI Inflow (y-t-d)



Source: Bank Indonesia

Exhibit 25. 10y US Treasury and CDS



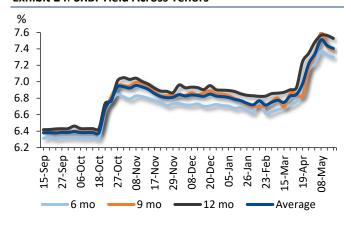
Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 27. 10y INDOGB and 5y CDS



Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 24. SRBI Yield Across Tenors



Source: Bank Indonesia

Exhibit 26. US Treasury Across Tenors

Date	1 yr yield	2 yr yield	3 yr yield	5 yr yield	7 yr yield	10 yr yield	CDS 5yr (RHS)
2022	4.73	4.41	4.22	3.99	3.96	3.88	82
2023	4.79	4.23	4.01	3.84	3.88	3.88	56
24-May-24	5.21	4.93	4.71	4.53	4.49	4.46	49
YTD Avg	4.99	4.62	4.42	4.28	4.29	4.29	53
YTD Changes	0.42	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.61	0.58	-7
MTD Changes	-0.04	-0.11	-0.16	-0.19	-0.22	-0.23	-5
Weekly Changes	0.07	0.10	0.11	0.09	0.06	0.04	0

Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 28. IBPA Return - Govt Bond



Source: Bloomberg



Exhibit 29. INDOGB - YTD Performance and Investor Type

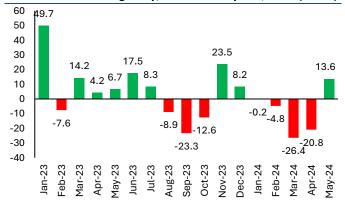
Date	1 yr yield	3 yr yield	5 yr yield	7 yr yield	10 yr yield	CDS5yr (RHS)
2022	5.64	6.30	6.20	6.72	6.94	104
2023	6.54	6.37	6.44	6.71	6.48	70
22-May-24	6.59	6.77	6.86	6.89	6.91	71
YTD Avg	6.53	6.52	6.65	6.72	6.74	73
YTD Changes	0.05	0.41	0.42	0.18	0.43	1
MTD Changes	-0.66	-0.28	-0.30	-0.26	-0.33	-5
Weekly Changes	-0.19	-0.09	-0.10	-0.12	-0.07	0

As of May 21th, 2024 - (IDR tn)

Investor Type	WoW	MtD	YTD
Banks	(20.5)	(129.3)	(217.4)
Bank Indonesia (exclude repo)	(23.8)	85.6	214.0
Non-Banks:	(4.4)	21.7	78.8
Mutual Fund	(4.2)	(3.4)	(2.8)
Insurance & Pension Fund	(2.9)	5.6	40.5
Foreign Investor	6.9	13.6	(38.6)
Individual	0.4	4.8	52.6
Others	(4.7)	1.0	27.2
Total	(48.7)	(22.0)	75.4
Domestic Investor	(31.8)	(121.2)	(100.0)
Foreign Investor	6.9	13.6	(38.6)
Bank Indonesia (include repo)	(7.6)	(6.1)	39.2

Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 30. Net Foreign Buy/Sell as of May 21st, 2024 (IDRtn)



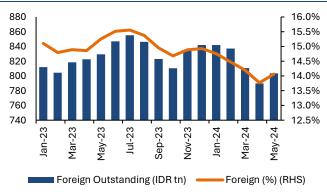
Source: DJPPR

Exhibit 32. YTD Net Buy/Sell (IDR tn)

YTD Net Buy/(Sell) - Rp Tn										
Investors Type	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	FY	YTD	Weekly
	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2023	2024	2024
Banking	(61.1)	(54.7)	67.7	(84.6)	(64.4)	(6.8)	(129.3)	(74.8)	(217.4)	(20.5)
Bank Indonesia	78.3	67.7	(27.3)	132.0	18.3	5.5	85.6	(44.3)	214.0	(23.8)
Foreign Investor	23.5	8.2	(0.2)	(4.8)	(26.4)	(20.8)	13.6	86.9	(38.6)	6.9
Insurance & Pension Fund	14.5	6.3	12.2	6.2	1.6	15.0	5.6	169.3	40.5	(2.9)
Mutual Fund	(2.9)	1.2	0.2	2.4	(2.0)	(0.0)	(3.4)	32.7	(2.8)	(4.2)
Individual	19.0	4.6	5.4	17.2	(4.0)	29.2	4.8	91.4	52.6	0.4
Others	9.9	5.0	7.5	11.3	2.4	4.9	1.0	86.0	27.2	(4.7)

Source: DJPPR

Exhibit 31. Foreign Outstanding as of Apr 25th, 2024(IDRtn)



Source: DJPPR

Exhibit 33. Ownership Outstanding (IDR tn)

Outstanding Ownership - Rp T	n								
Investors Type									YTD
	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2023	2024
Banking	1,549.9	1,495.2	1,562.9	1,478.3	1,413.9	1,407.1	1,277.8	(74.8)	(217.4
Bank Indonesia	1,027.8	1,095.5	1,068.2	1,200.1	1,218.4	1,224.0	1,309.6	(44.3)	214.
Foreign Investor	833.9	842.1	841.9	837.1	810.7	789.9	803.4	86.9	(38.€
Insurance & Pension Fund	1,035.1	1,041.4	1,053.6	1,059.8	1,061.3	1,076.3	1,081.9	169.3	40.
Mutual Fund	176.6	177.8	178.0	180.3	178.4	178.3	175.0	32.7	(2.8
Individual	430.7	435.3	440.7	457.8	453.8	483.0	487.8	91.4	52.
Others	547.0	552.0	559.5	570.9	573.3	578.2	579.2	86.0	27.

Source: DJPPR



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